



## Privet (*Ligustrum species*)

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### Summary:

Foliage: Deciduous broadleaf

Height: 4 to 15 feet

Spread: 4 to 8 feet

Shape: Bushy

Small, green, summer foliage. When unpruned, pyramidal clusters of small white flowers produce black berries.

### Plant Needs:

Zone: 3 to 8

Moisture: Wet to moist

pH Range: 3.7 to 7.0

Light: Partial shade to full sun

Soil Type: Sandy, loam, or clay

### Functions:

Suggested uses for this plant include hedge, screen, and border.

### Planting Notes:

Bare-root plants transplant easily.

Tolerates all but very wet soil conditions.

Does well in dry soil. Tolerates wide range of soil pH. Tolerates smoke and grime of cities.

### Care:

Prune after flowering.

Tolerates severe pruning, including shearing. Prune hedges so that base is wider than top.

### Problems:

Despite their susceptibility to a variety of insects and diseases, privets generally do well and rarely require spraying.

Many privets species have become invasive and are therefore not suitable as landscape plants. Ask your local Extension agent if a particular *Ligustrum* is appropriate for landscape use.

### Alternatives:

Consult local sources, including historic or public gardens and arboreta, regarding cultivars and species that are suitable for your area.

In lieu of potentially invasive *Ligustrum*, consider holly (*Ilex*) species and cultivars as alternatives.

### Comments:

Privets are most often grown as hedge plants because they are so easy to grow.

There are many other plants which make more attractive hedges.

The fruit on unsheared specimens lasts throughout the winter and provides food for birds.

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